

Global gridded crop modelling: methodology, evaluation and applications

Christoph Müller

Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research



PIK – an Overview

Potsdam Institute for Climate Impact Research

Founded: 1992 - Member of Leibniz Association

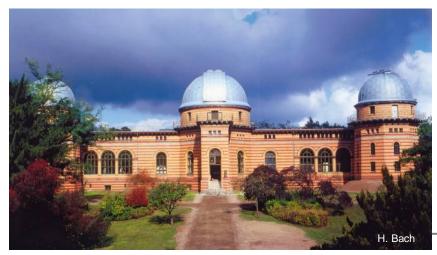
Resources: ~270 employees (ca. 170 scientists; 20 student assistants/interns)

Mission: interdisciplinary insights on global change, climate change and

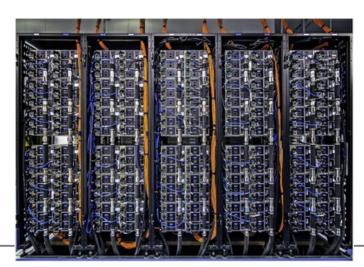
sustainable development; policy advice

Main tool: high-performance computer with 258 TeraFlops: system & scenario

analysis, qualitative & quantitative modeling



Michelson House



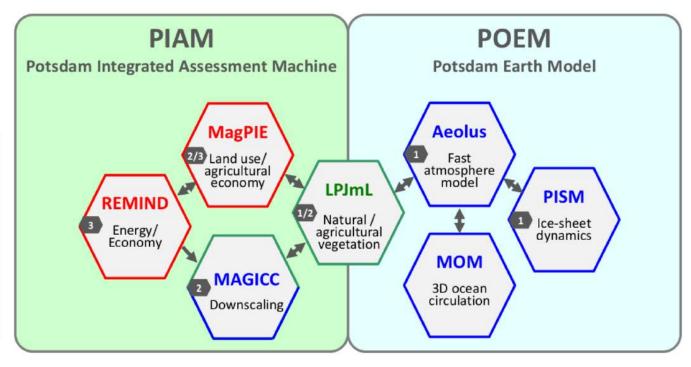
IBM nextscale cluster

PIK modeling portfolio



External Processes, Models and Scenarios

(e.g. IPCC)





Regional and Thematic Models

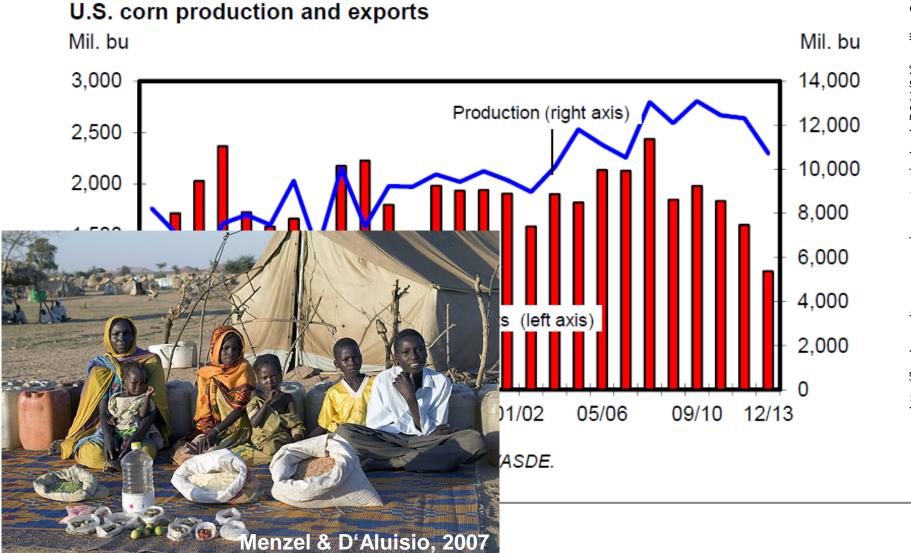
Climate/Ocean/Ice Vegetation/Water/Soils Economy/Energy/LandUse

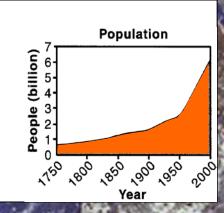


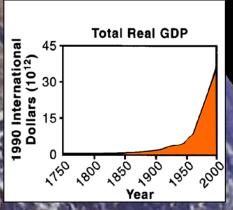
Food and weather



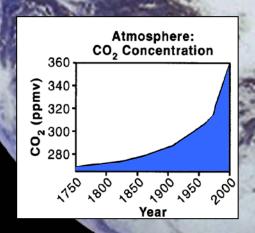
Climate, Agriculture, Markets

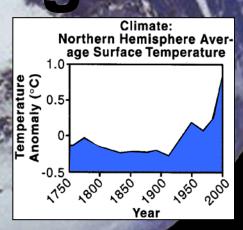


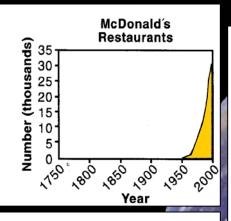


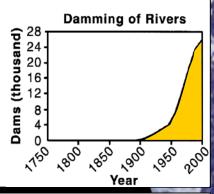


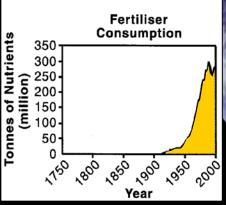
Climate change

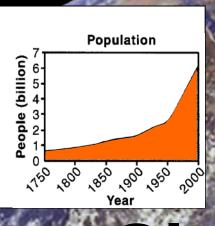


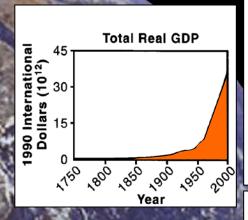




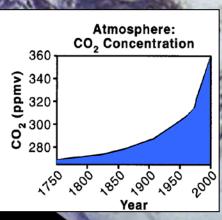


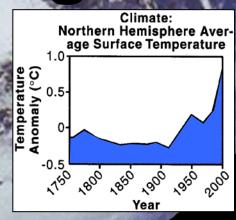


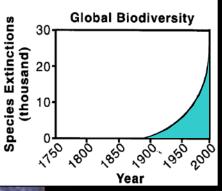


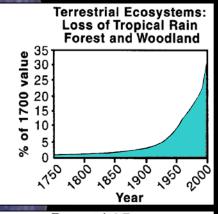


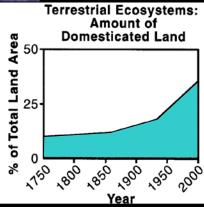
Global Change





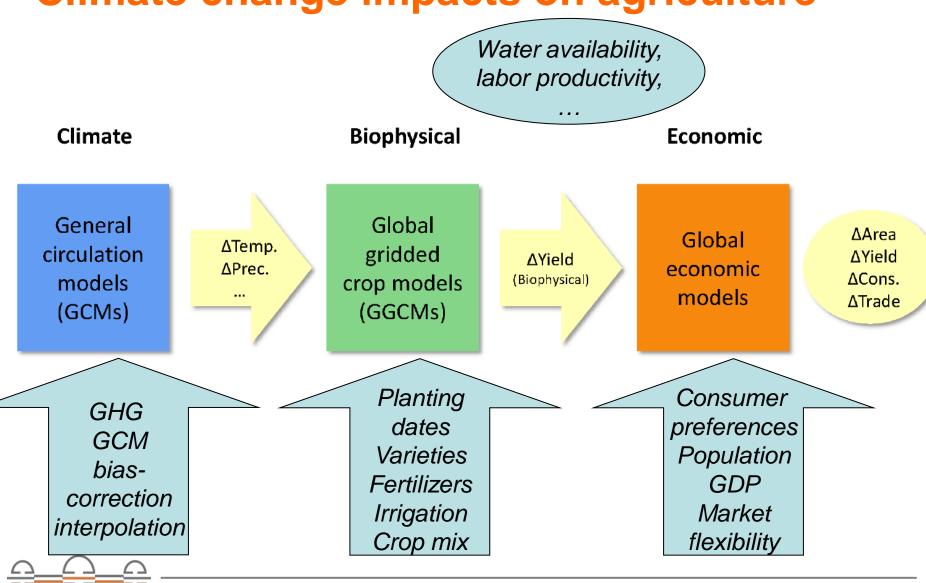






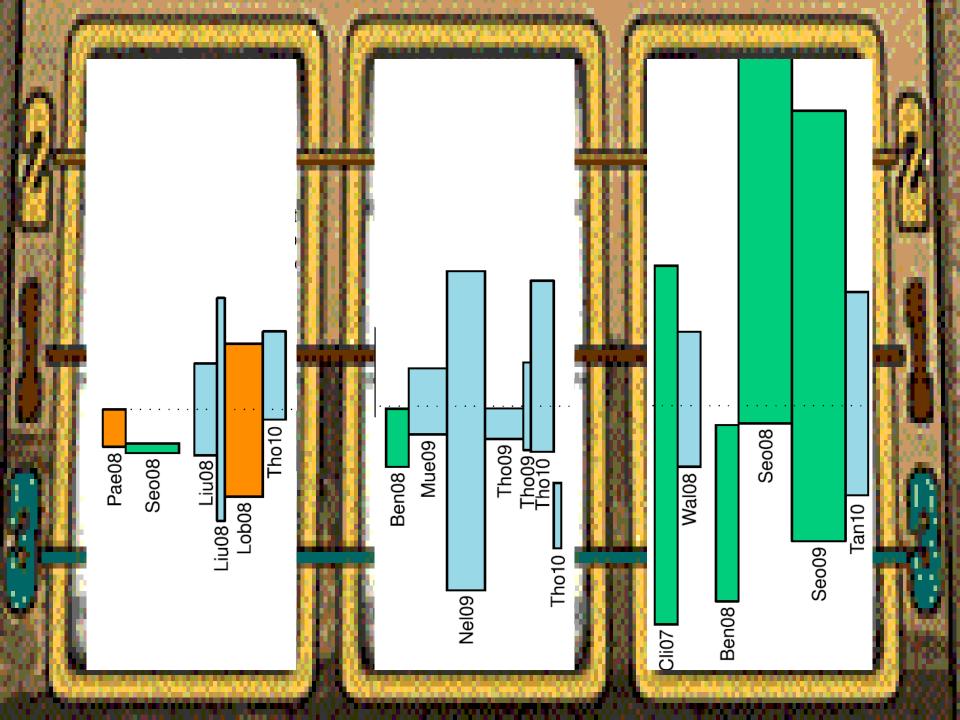
Steffen et al. 2004

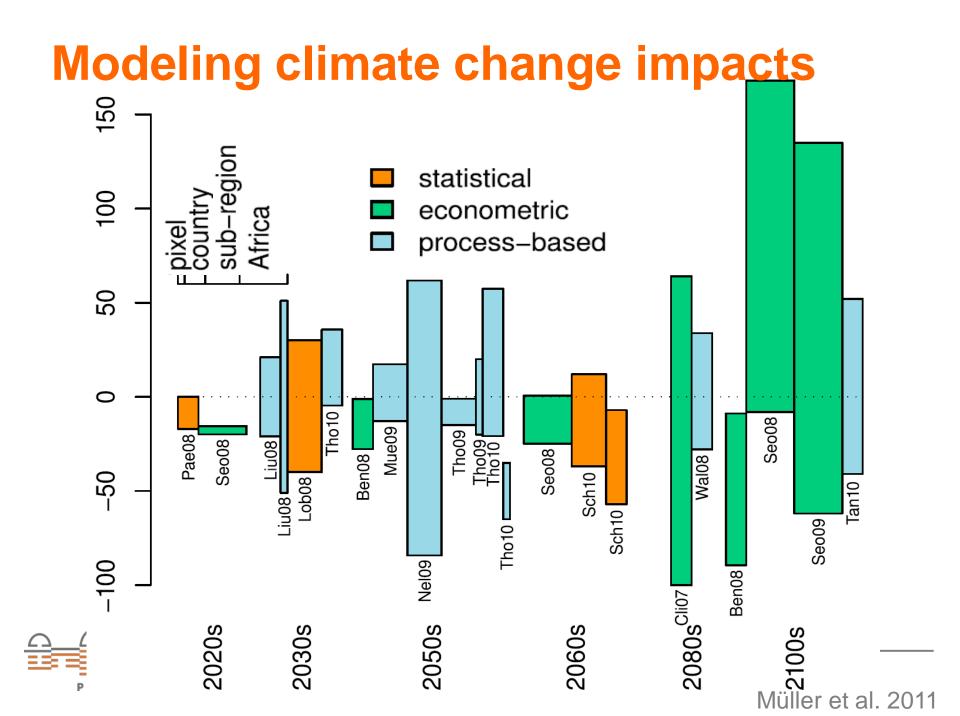
Climate change impacts on agriculture



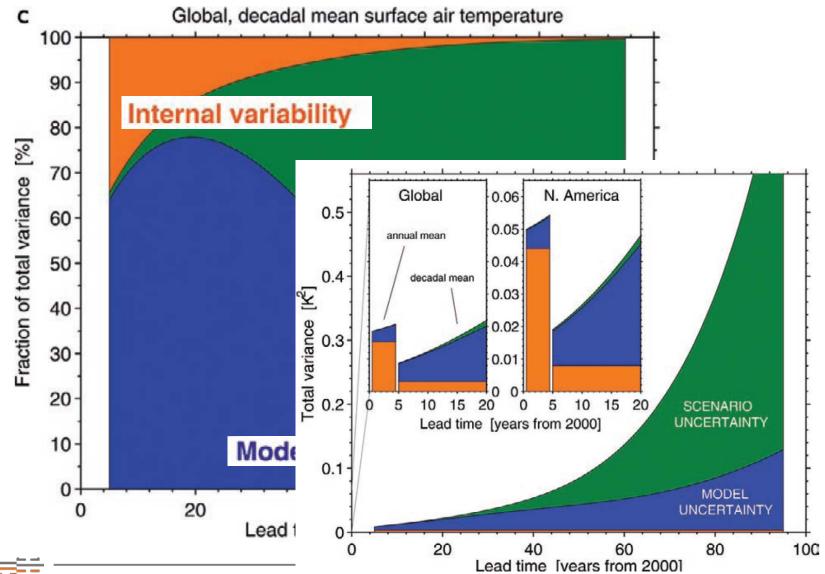
Modeling agricultural productivity



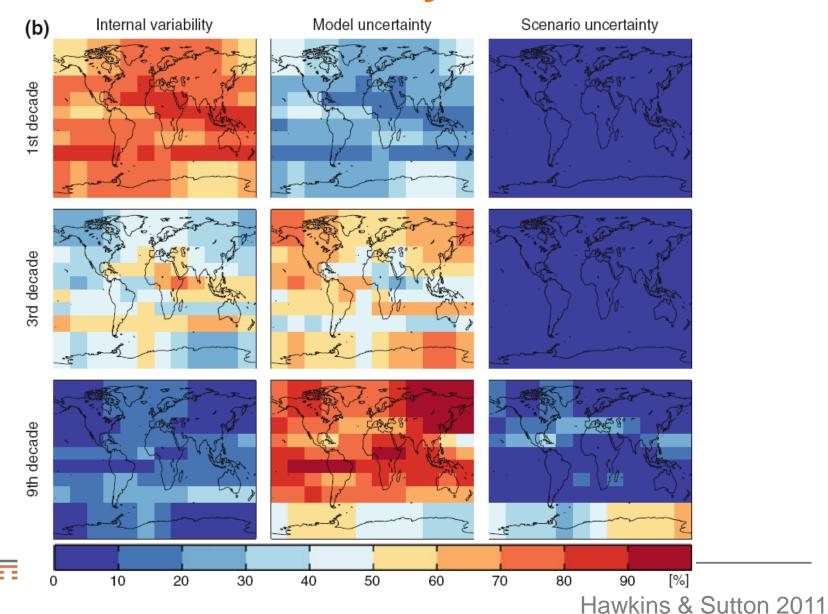




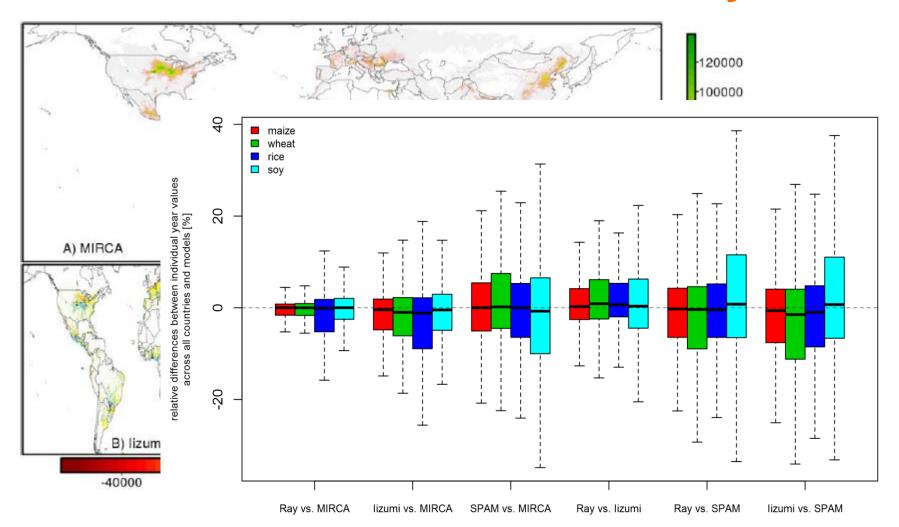
Sources of uncertainty: climate, T



Sources of uncertainty: climate, P



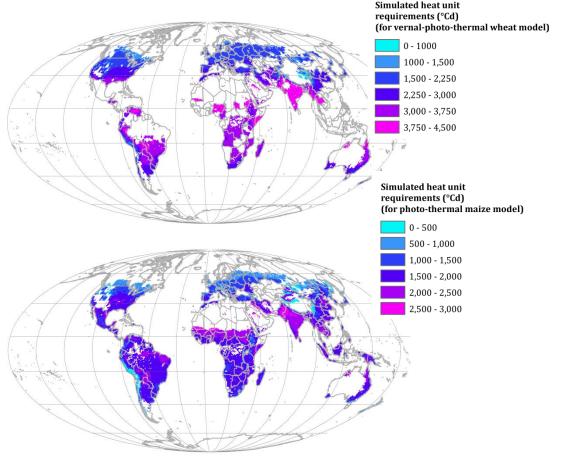
Don't know much about history...

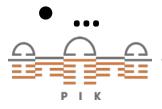




Sources of uncertainty: data

- Crop patterns
- Irrigation
- Varieties
- Fertilizers
- Soil managemer
- Rotations
- Intercrops
- Residues



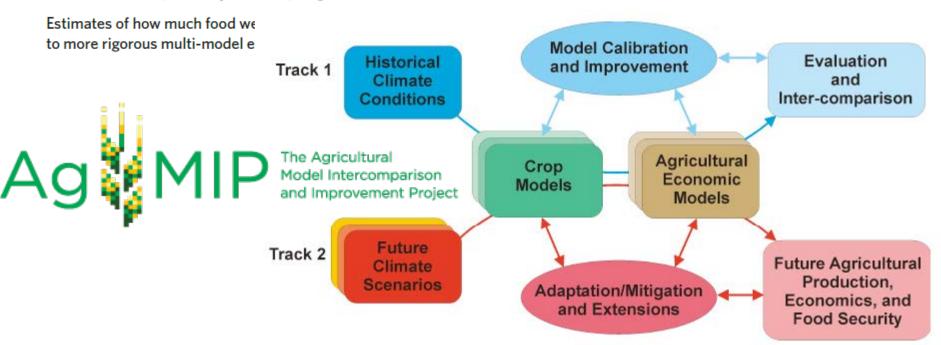


Sources of uncertainty: models

COMMENTARY:

Crop-climate models need an overhaul

Reimund P. Rötter, Timothy R. Carter, Jørgen E. Olesen and John R. Porter





Crop modeling

Model processes

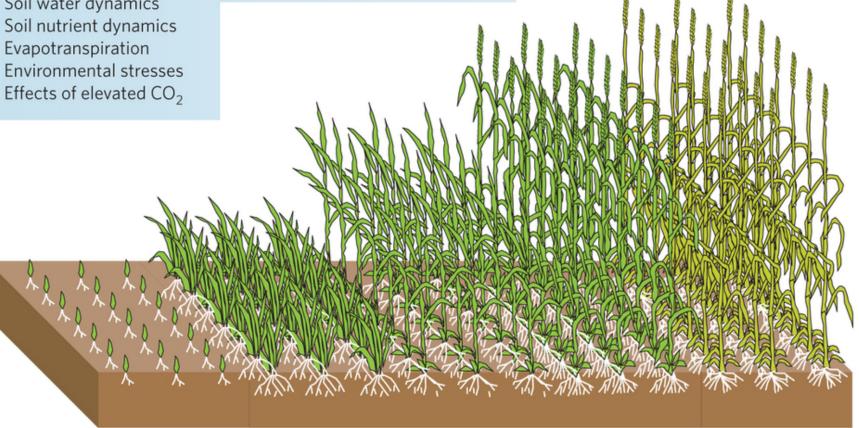
Phenological development
Light interception and utilization
Growth allocation to crop organs
Root distribution
Soil water dynamics
Soil nutrient dynamics
Evapotranspiration

Model inputs

Meteorological variables Soil properties Cultivar parameters Management

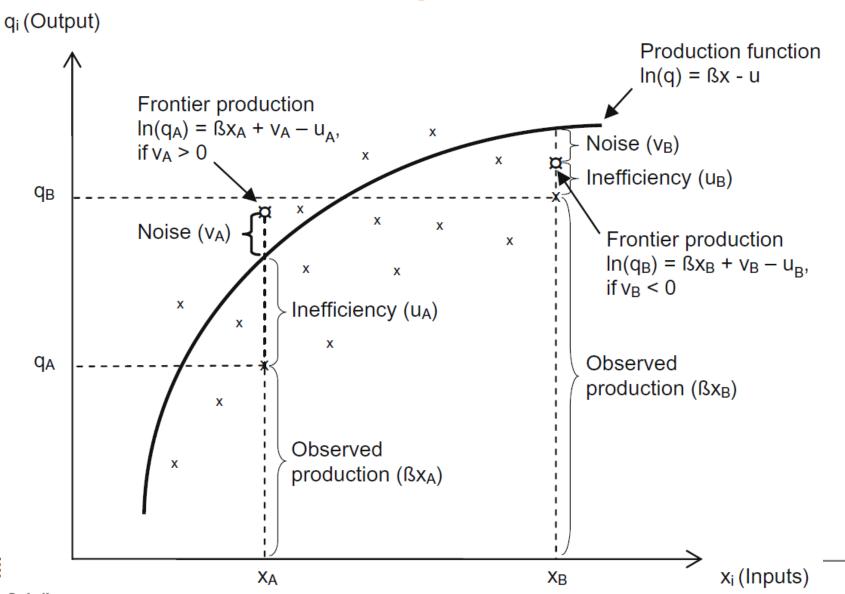
Key model outputs

Grain yield



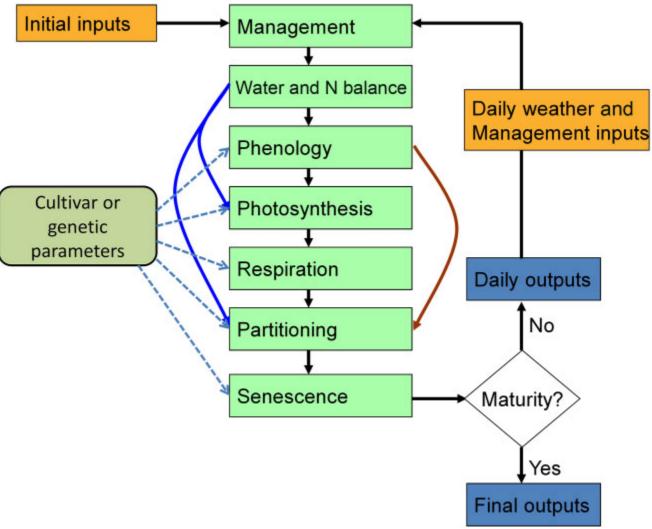


Statistical modeling

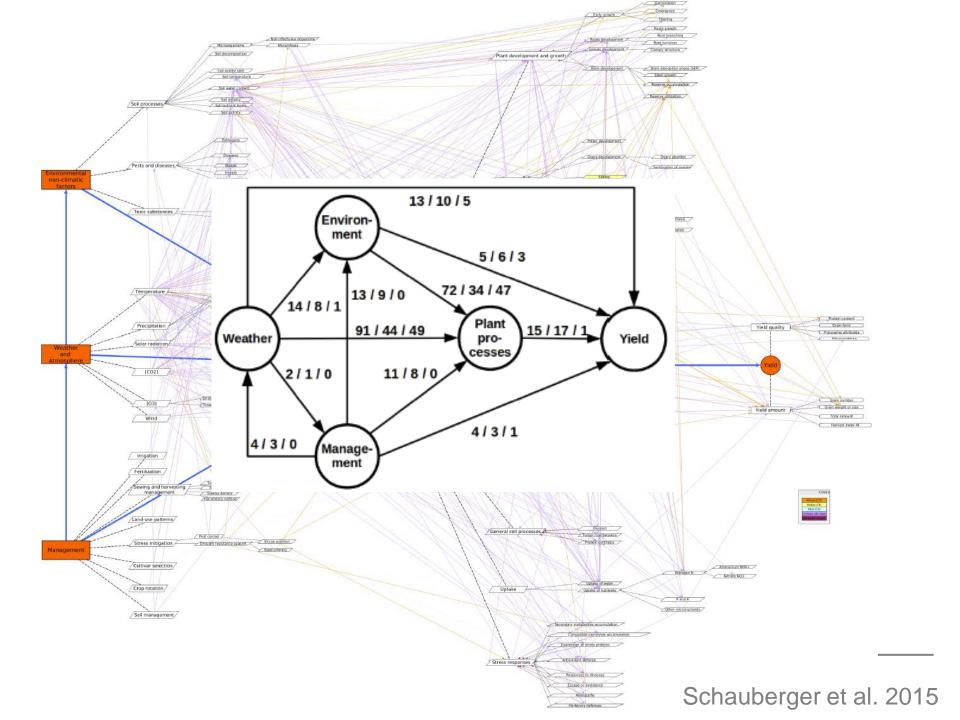




Process-based modeling



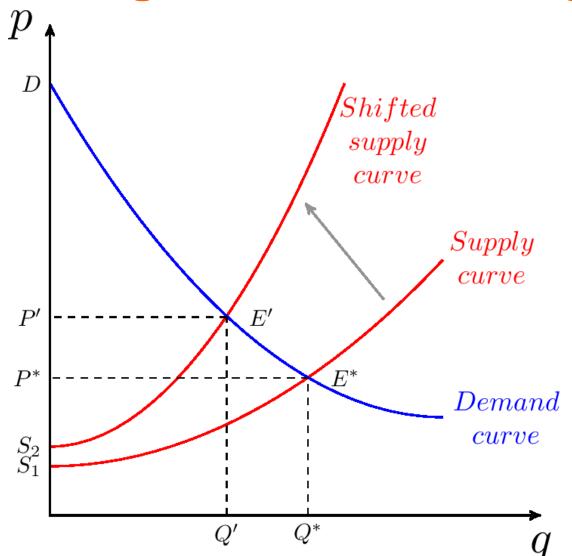




Beyond productivity: production

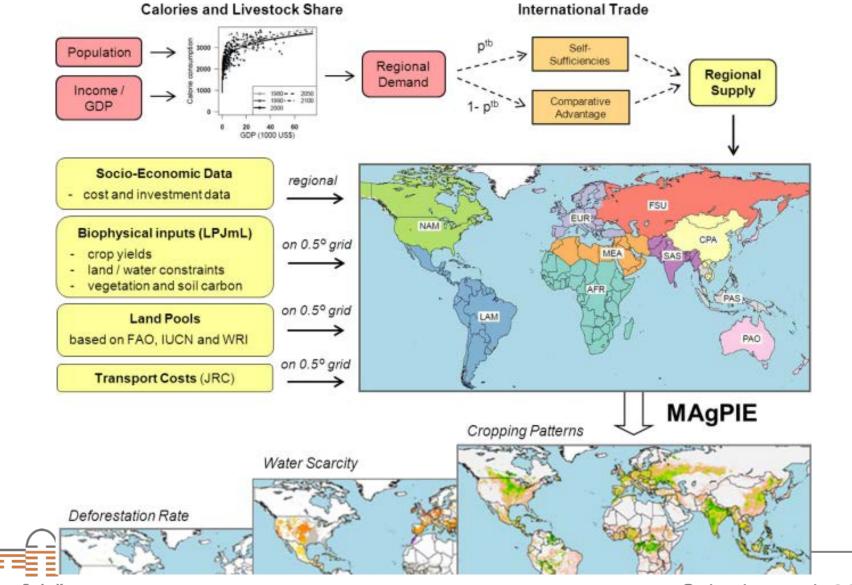


Economic agricultural modeling

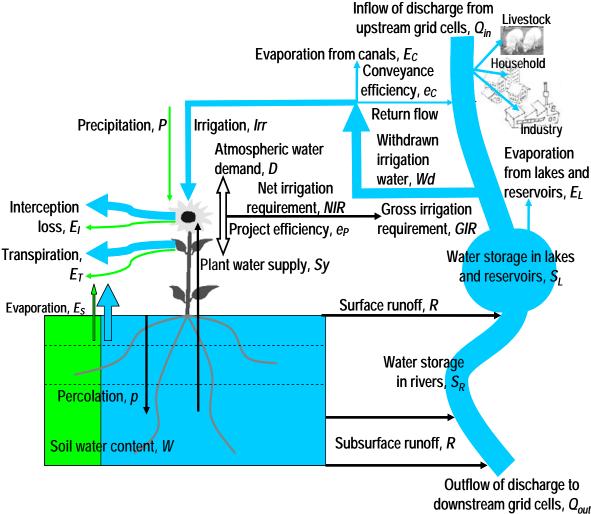




Biophysics meet economy

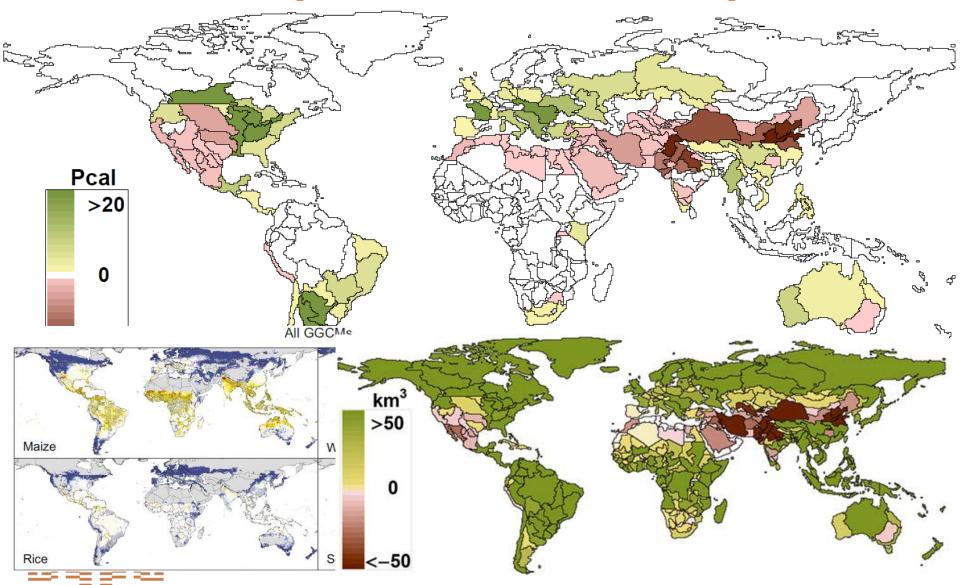


Irrigation also matters downstream

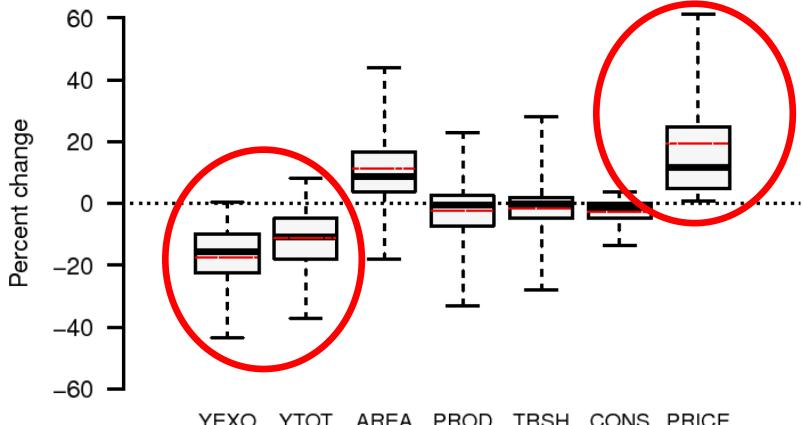




Indirect impacts, limits to adaptation



Agricultural Econmics in AgMIP/ISI-MIP



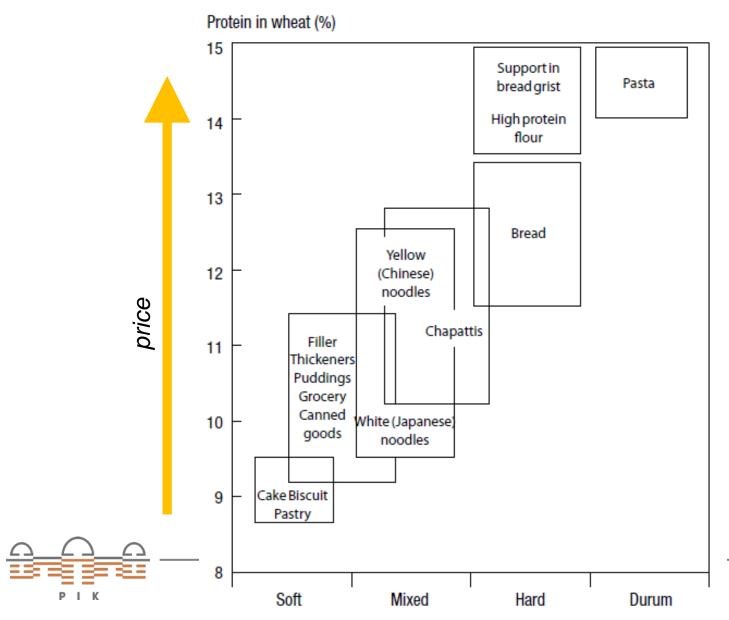
	YEXO	YTOT	AREA	PROD	TRSH	CONS	PRICE
n	2891	2891	2891	2891	2891	2891	2891
Mean	-0.17	-0.11	0.11	-0.02	-0.01	-0.03	0.2
SD	(0.13)	(0.17)	(0.25)	(0.25)	(0.26)	(0.06)	(0.24)



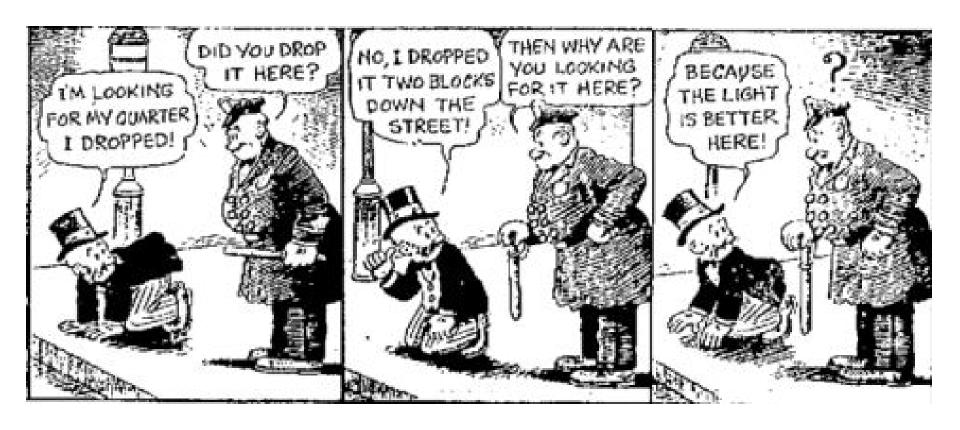
Beyond production: nutrition



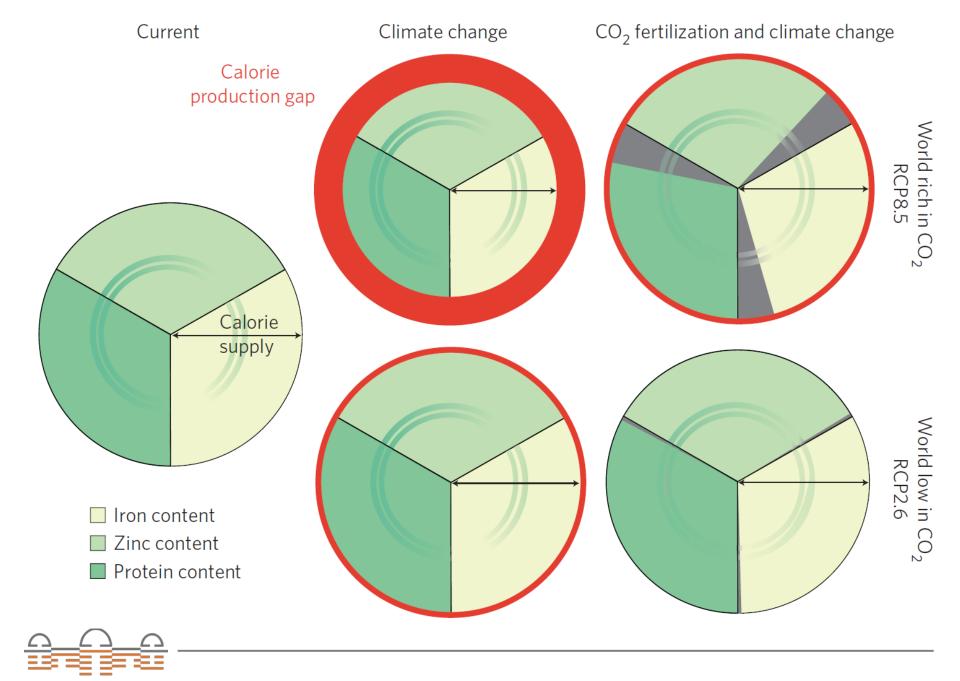
Quality matters



The "lamp post problem"?





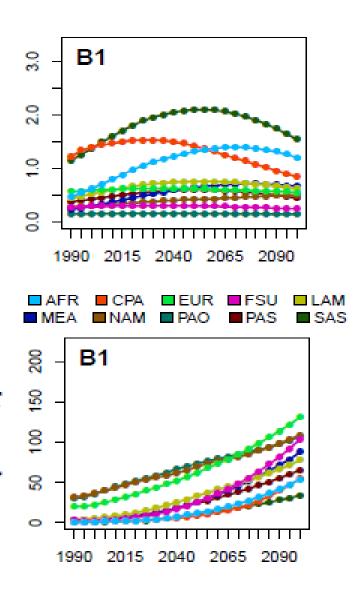


Beyond nutrition: multiple objectives

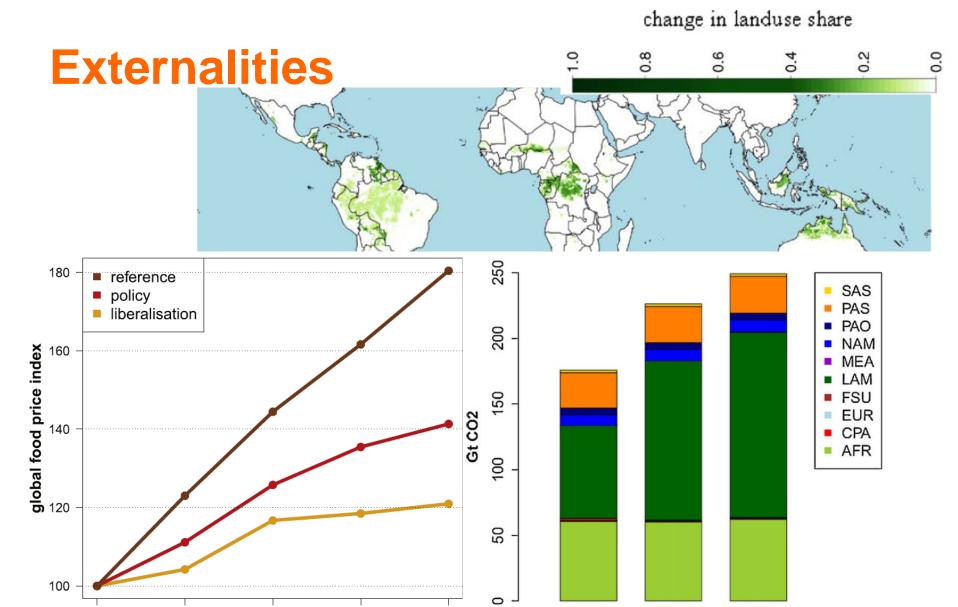


Not just food...

- Mitigate climate change and looming impacts on agricultura productivity
- Food security for a growing and richer population
- Bio-economy: increasing demand for fuels and materials
- Conservation/ environmental protection









2005

2015

2025

years

2035

2045

reference

policy

Scenario

liberalisation

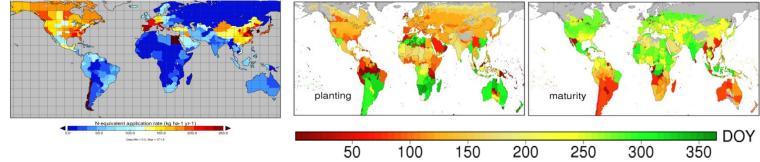
Beyond modeling: the holy grail: learning & informing



GGCMI Phase 1: understanding the past

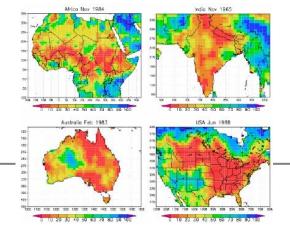
- Ten reanalysis-based historical weather products spanning 1901-2012
- 14 GGCMs supplying data

Harmonized on fertilizer, sowing, maturity, etc.

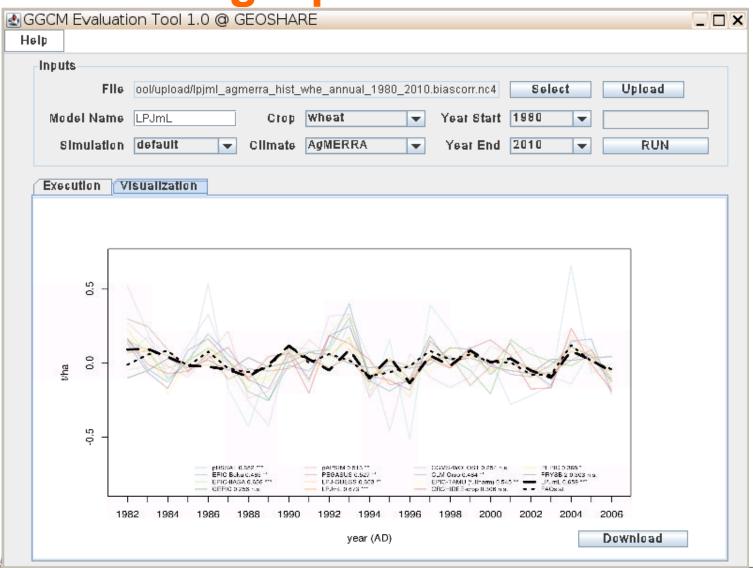


 Additional focus on large-scale extreme drought/heat events in the historical record.

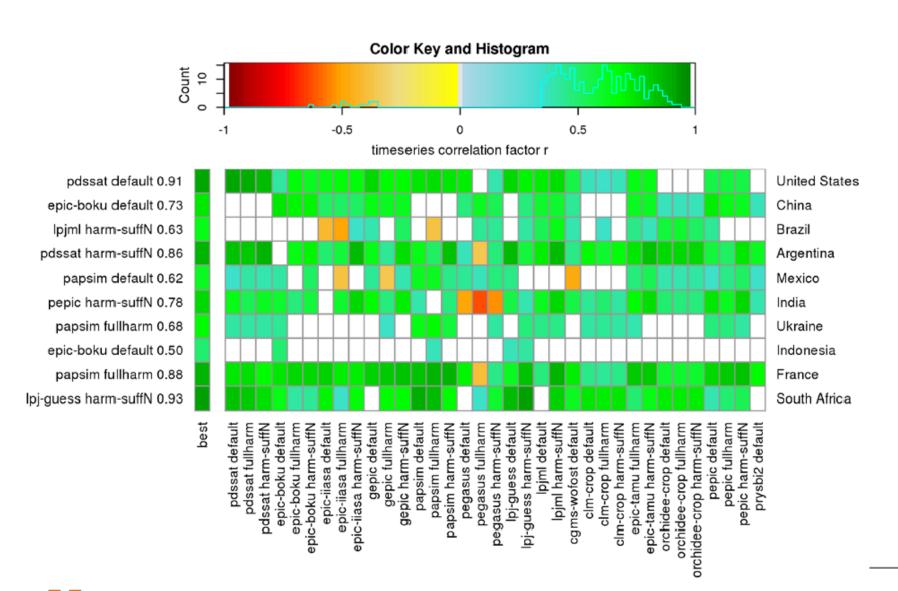




Establishing a public benchmark



National level



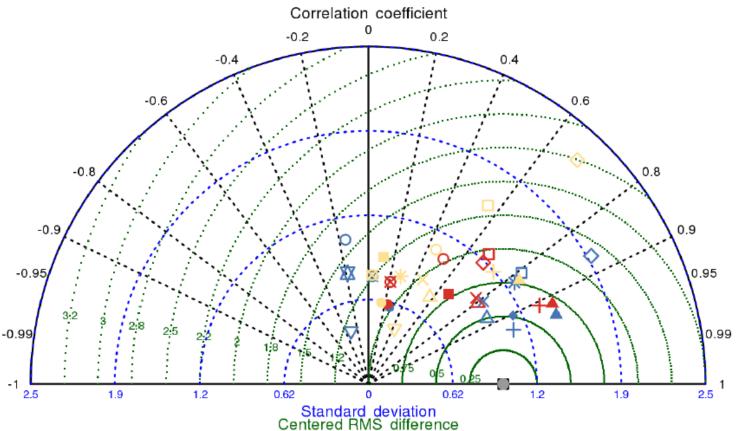
Spatio-temporal performance

- pdssat
- o epic-boku
- △ epic-iiasa
- + gepic
- × papsim

- pegasus
- ▼ Ipj-guess
- * lpjml
- **☎** cgms-wofost
- clm-crop

- epic-tamu
- orchidee-crop
- ▲ pepic
- prysbi2

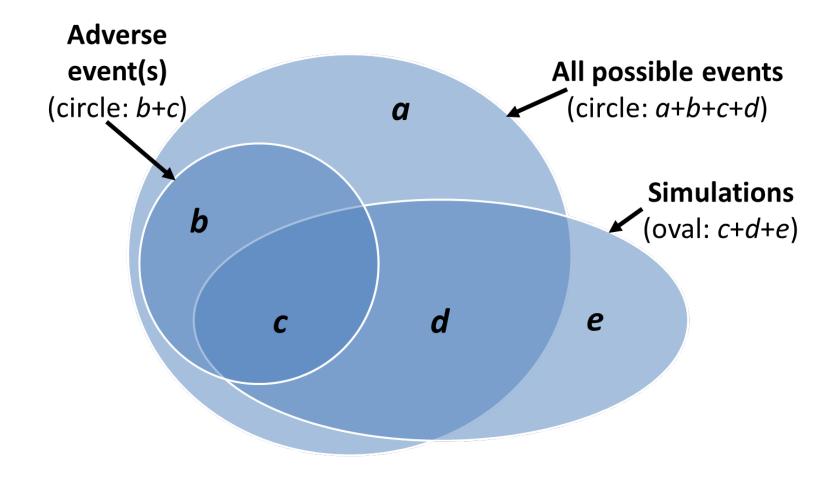
- default vs. FAOstat
- fullharm vs. FAOstat
- harm-suffN vs. FAOstat





Müller et al. 2017

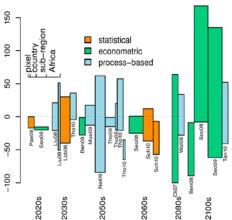
What do model results represent?





Implications of uncertainties

- Uncertainties cannot be eradicated
- Well-described uncertainties facilitate decision processes



- Climate change impact analysis needs to be
 - more comprehensive (scenarios)
 - more explicit (mean, tails, likelihoods, ...)
 - more cross-sectoral
- Visions of desired states needed



How can large-scale modeling help?

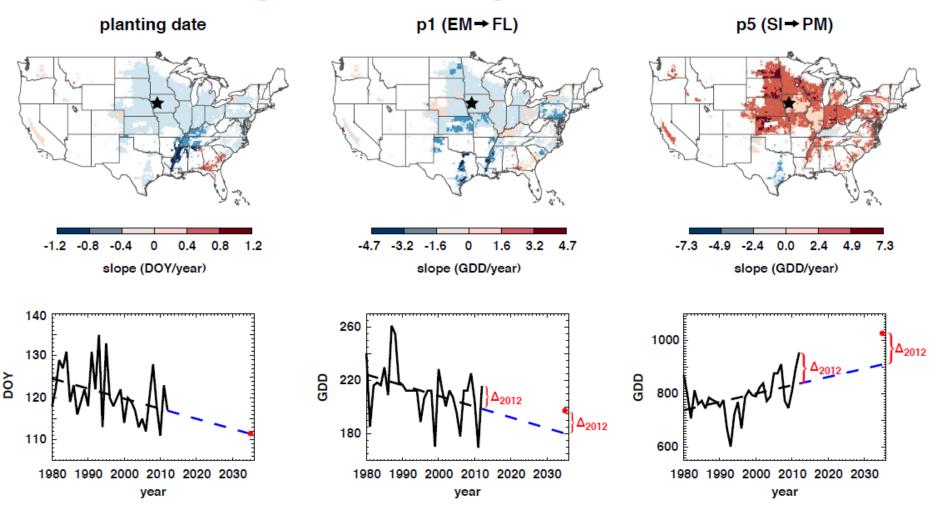
- Extrapolation to unobserved conditions
- Deeper Understanding of processes, complex systems, nonlinear system behavior
- Provides a mechanism to test a set of complex hypotheses
- "Mind Games": What would happen, if ...?
 - different scenarios
 - extreme conditions
- Reducing Uncertainty in system responses
- Consistency for large-scale dynamics



The road ahead: managing management

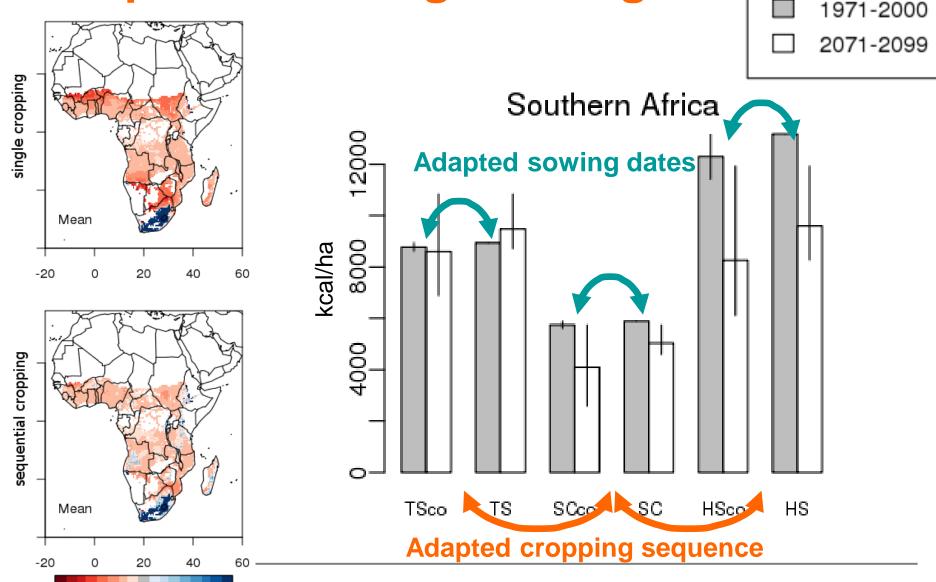


Technological change

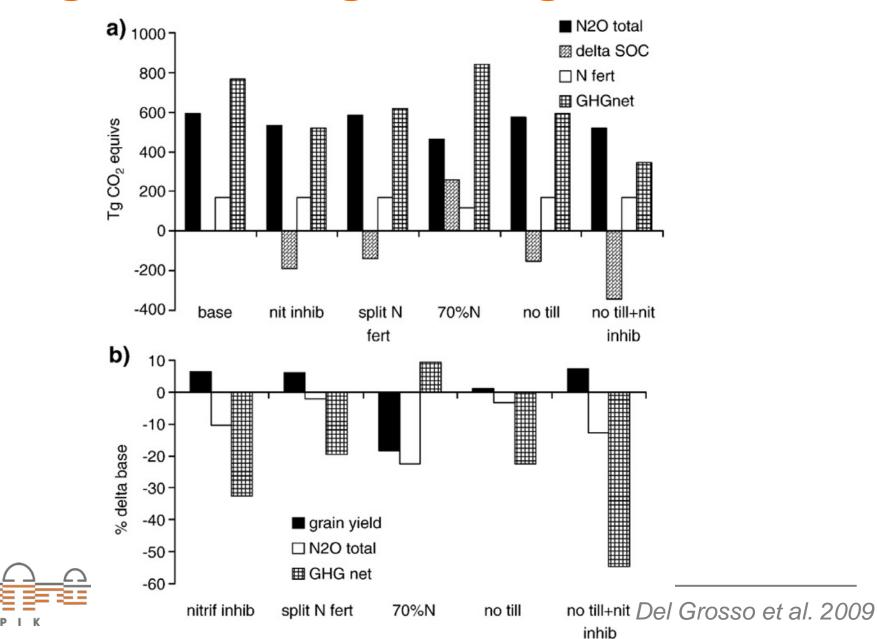




Adaptation through management



Mitigation through management







Thanks for your attention

References

- Steffen, W. L., Sanderson, A., Tyson, P. et al. Global change and the earth system: a planet under pressure. (Springer, 2004).
- Nelson, G. C., Valin, H., Sands, R. D. et al. (2014). Climate change effects on agriculture: Economic responses to biophysical shocks. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences 111, 3274-3279.
- Müller, C., Cramer, W., Hare, W. L. et al. (2011). Climate change risks for African agriculture. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America 108, 4313-4315.
- Hawkins, E. & Sutton, R. (2009). The potential to narrow uncertainty in regional climate predictions. Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society 90, 1095-1107.
- Hawkins, E. & Sutton, R. (2011). The potential to narrow uncertainty in projections of regional precipitation change. Climate Dynamics 37, 407-418.
- Porwollik, V., Müller, C., Elliott, J. et al. (2017). Spatial and temporal uncertainty of crop yield aggregations. European Journal of Agronomy 88, 10-21.
- van Bussel, L. G. J., Stehfest, E., Siebert, S. et al. (2015). Simulation of the phenological development of wheat and maize at the global scale. Global Ecology and Biogeography 24, 1018-1029.
- Rötter, R. P., Carter, T. R., Olesen, J. E. et al. (2011). Crop-climate models need an overhaul. Nature Clim. Change 1, 175-177.
- Rosenzweig, C., Jones, J. W., Hatfield, J. L. et al. (2013). The Agricultural Model Intercomparison and Improvement Project (AgMIP): Protocols and pilot studies. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology 170, 166-182.
- Carter, T. R. (2013). Agricultural Impacts: Multi-model yield projections. Nature Clim. Change 3, 784-786.
- Neumann, K., Verburg, P., Stehfest, E. et al. (2010). A global analysis of the intensification potential for grain production. Agricultural Systems 103, 316-326.
- Boote, K. J., Jones, J. W., White, J. W. et al. (2013). Putting mechanisms into crop production models. Plant Cell Environ 36, 1658-1672.
- Schauberger, B., Rolinski, S. & Müller, C. (2016). A network-based approach for semi-quantitative knowledge mining and its application to yield variability. Environmental Research Letters 11, 123001.
- Stevanovic, M., Popp, A., Lotze-Campen, H. et al. (2016). The impact of high-end climate change on agricultural welfare. Science Advances 2, e1501452.
- Schmitz, C., Lotze-Campen, H., Gerten, D. et al. (2013). Blue water scarcity and the economic impacts of future agricultural trade and demand: Blue Water Scarcity-On Agricultural Trade and Demand. Water Resources Research 49, 3601-3617.
- Rost, S., Gerten, D., Bondeau, A. et al. (2008). Agricultural green and blue water consumption and its influence on the global water system. Water Resour. Res. 44, W09405.
- Elliott, J., Deryng, D., Müller, C. et al. (2014). Constraints and potentials of future irrigation water availability on agricultural production under climate change. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences 111, 3239-3244.
- Myers, S. S., Zanobetti, A., Kloog, I. et al. (2014). Increasing CO2 threatens human nutrition. Nature 510, 139-142.
- Müller, C., Elliott, J. & Levermann, A. (2014). Food security: Fertilizing hidden hunger. Nature Clim. Change 4, 540-541.
- Bodirsky, B. L., Rolinski, S., Biewald, A. et al. (2015). Global Food Demand Scenarios for the 21st Century. PLOS ONE 10, e0139201.
- Schmitz, C., Biewald, A., Lotze-Campen, H. et al. (2012). Trading more food: Implications for land use, greenhouse gas emissions, and the food system. Global Environmental Change 22, 189-209.
- Müller, C., Elliott, J., Chryssanthacopoulos, J. et al. (2017). Global gridded crop model evaluation: benchmarking, skills, deficiencies and implications. Geosci. Model Dev. 10, 1403-1422.
- Glotter, M. & Elliott, J. (2016). Simulating US agriculture in a modern Dust Bowl drought. Nature Plants 3, 16193.
- Waha, K., Müller, C., Bondeau, A. et al. (2013). Adaptation to climate change through the choice of cropping system and sowing date in sub-Saharan Africa. Global Environmental Change 23, 130-143.
- Del Grosso, S. J., Ojima, D. S., Parton, W. J. et al. (2009). Global scale DAYCENT model analysis of greenhouse gas emissions and mitigation strategies for cropped soils. Global and Planetary Change 67, 44-50.

